CS301



Question 1: Citric acid cycle. Write 10 steps with names

Question 2: Competitive inhibition

Question 3: Define ph. Using equation explain ph of water at 25 centi degree.

Question 4: Incompetitive inhibition

Question 5: Mechanism of Enzyme activity. Explain how enzyme deficit the enzyme activity

Question 6: Why pure water is pass more electrical current.

Question 7: An agent sells goods on credit to a person on behalf of his principal without making proper enquiry about the solvency of that person. Afterwards, it reveals that the person was insolvent at the time of sale. Principal sue his agent for loss. Is principal's claim right?

Answer:

An agent sells goods on credit to a person on behalf of his principal without making proper enquiry about the solvency of that person. It seems from the above that selling on credit is the normal way of doing business. So as far as selling on credit is concerned the agent is entitled to do so. However as he sold goods to a person who was insolvent at the time of sale.

Principal is justified and must sue his agent for loss and the Principal's claim is right. The agent must have used reasonable care and diligence while selling the goods on credit. He should have by no means sold on credit to an insolvent person.

Question 8: What is the objective behind establishing the office of Banking Mohtasib?

Answer:

The main objective of the banking Mohtasib is to understand and find out injustice done by anyone to the customer. The examples of wrong charges levied on to the customers, extra commissions charged, incorrect interest rates given on deposits or incorrect interest rate charged on loans and advances. Compliants regarding cheque collections inward and outward transfer of domestic and foreign currency etc. Thus the banking mohtasib is suppose to address all the grievances faced by the customers of the bank.

Question 9: Write down any five provisions of the Section 10 (Disqualifications of the Managing Director) of SBP Banking Services Corporation Ordinance, 2001.

Answer:

The following reasons:

- 1. 1- A person who is a member of Senate or National Assembly.
- 2. 2- A person who is an employee of the federal Government or of a provincial Government.
- 3. 3- A person who has not settled any dues of any Bank.
- 4. 4- A person who is holding a position of office like a secretary or treasurer in a political party.
- 5. 5- If he is a major share holder in another bank.

Question 10: Write down any five topics covered in Part IIA (Transaction of Banking Business Illegally By Companies, etc.) of Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962.

Answer:

Following are the five topics covered in Transaction of Banking Business Illegally By Companies: