

Question 1: The set of all open intervals of R is a topology on R, called

discrete topology cofinite topology real topology

usual topology

Question 2: Let $X = \{a, b, c\}$. The following set is a topology on X.

 $\{\phi, \{b\}, \{c\}, X\}$

 $\{\phi, \{a\}, \{b\}, X\}$

Question 3: If X is a finite set then co-finite topology on X is ______.

indiscrete topology

discrete topology
lower limit topology
None of the given

Question 4: Let $X = \{a, b, c, d\}$. The following set is a topology on X.

 $\{\phi, \{a\}, \{b\}, \{c\}, X\}$

{φ, {c, d}, {b, c, d}, X}{φ, {a}, {b}, X}None of the given

Question 5: The collection τ of subsets of X consisting of the empty set ϕ and all subsets of X whose complements are finite is called:

discrete topology

cofinite topology indiscrete topology None of the given

Question 6: Let $X = \{1, 2, 3\}$, then P(X) =_____

 $\{\phi,\,\{1\},\,\{2\},\,\{3\},\,\{1,\,2\},\,\{1,\,3\},\,\{2,\,3\}\}$

 $\{\phi,\,\{1\},\,\{3\},\,\{1,\,2\},\,\{1,\,3\},\,\{1,\,2,\,3\}\}$

{φ, {1}, {2}, {3}, {1, 2}, {1, 3}, {2, 3}, X}{φ, X}

Question 7: If in a topology τ on X, all subsets of X are called open and closed, then τ is called:

discrete space